

Grammatical Categories, Structures and Their Syntactical Functions

<i>Grammatical Categories (or Parts of Speech)</i>	<i>Structures (or Combinations of Grammatical Categories)</i>	<i>Syntactical Functions</i>
Nouns (N)	Phrases:	Subject (Subj.)
Verbs (V)	Noun Phrases (NP)	Predicate (Pred.)
Adjectives (Adj.)	Verb Phrases (VP)	Direct Object (DO)
Adverbs (Adv.)	Adjective Phrases (AdjP)	Indirect Object (IO)
Pronouns (Pron.)	Adverb Phrases (AdvP)	Object Complement (OC)
Determiners (Det.) (Articles, Demonstrative Adjectives, Numbers, Indefinite Adjectives)	Prepositional Phrases (PrepP)	Subject Complement (SC)
Prepositions (Prep.)	Infinitive Phrases (InfP)	Object of Preposition (OP)
Interjections	Gerund Phrases (GerP)	
	Participle Phrases (PartP)	
	Sentences (Clauses) (S)	

Sentence = an organized group of words that expresses a complete idea, meaning, sense or thought.

S → NP + VP

NP → { (Det) (AdjP) N (PrepP) (InfP) (PartP)
Pron.
S (= Noun Clause)

VP → (Aux.) (Not) (Freq. Adv.) V (NP) (NP) (PrepP) (AdvP)

AdjP → (AdvP) Adj.

AdvP → (AdvP) Adv.

PrepP → Prep + NP

